2025 年度 高等学校入学試験問題

2月10日 英 語

- 1. Do not open the test booklet until told to do so. 監督者の合図があるまで冊子を開かないこと。
- 2. Answers must be filled in on the separate answer sheet. (Answers must be filled in completely. If the mark is unclear, or more than one answer is filled in, the answer will be invalid.)

解答は別紙解答用紙に記入すること。(解答用紙はマークシート式です。解答は正しく塗りつぶすこと。不鮮明なものや指定数以上にマークがある場合は無効となります。)

3. Write your full name and examinee number on the test booklet cover and the answer sheet.

問題の表紙と解答用紙に受験番号・氏名を記入すること。

4. Answer sheets and test booklets will be collected after the exam has finished.

試験終了後、解答用紙、問題用紙ともに回収します。

受験番号	氏	名	

1 <リスニング問題>

A Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer from a) - d). The audio will be played twice. You may take notes.

次に放送される対話を聞いて、質問に対する最も適切な答えをa) ~ d) の中から1つ選びなさい。 英語は2回流れます。メモを取っても構いません。

- 問1 Why does Mark think Ms. Connelly's tests are so hard?
 - a) He can't remember the dates and maps.
 - **b)** He doesn't like history.
 - **c)** Ms. Connelly gives too many tests.
 - d) He isn't studying because he is going to the beach.
- 問2 What subject does Ms. Connelly teach?
 - a) English
 - **b**) Maths
 - c) Social studies
 - d) Home economics
- 問**3** Who is going to the beach near the school?
 - a) Luka and Mark
 - b) Mark and Adam
 - c) Mark, Junichi, and Natalia
 - d) nobody is
- 問4 What will Luka do on Saturday night?
 - a) study for Ms. Connelly's quiz
 - **b**) watch a movie with Mark
 - c) watch a movie with Adam
 - d) go to the beach with Junichi and Natalia
- 問5 Why will Luka study hard?
 - a) His mother told him that if he doesn't pass, he has to talk to Ms. Connelly.
 - b) His mother told him that if he doesn't pass, he has to keep studying.
 - **c)** His mother told him that if he doesn't pass, he can go to the beach.
 - **d)** His mother told him that if he doesn't pass, he can't go see a movie.

B Listen to the following broadcast and choose the most appropriate answer from a) - d) for each of the questions. The English broadcast will be played twice. You may take notes. 次の放送を聞き、その内容に関する質問、問1~5に対して最も適切な答えをそれぞれ a) ~ d) の中から1つ選び、その記号を選びなさい。英文は2回流れます。メモを取っても構いません。

*Vaccine -ワクチン *Virus -ウイルス

- 問1 What did farm workers catch bird flu from?
 - a) birds
 - **b**) other farm workers
 - c) cows
 - **d)** people who work in cities
- 問2 What kind of workers are catching bird flu?
 - a) workers who work in cities
 - **b)** farm workers on cow farms
 - c) farm workers who grow vegetables
 - d) workers who take the vaccine
- 問3 What is the CDC doing to stop the spread of bird flu?
 - a) They are giving a vaccine to farm workers.
 - **b)** They are giving medicine to farm workers.
 - c) They are giving medicine to cows.
 - d) They are developing a new vaccine*.
- 問4 Why does the CDC already have a vaccine for this new disease?
 - a) They expected an outbreak soon.
 - **b)** They are prepared from their experience with Corona Virus*.
 - c) Bird flu has spread before.
 - d) Bird flu is easy to make a vaccine for.
- 問5 Will the vaccine stop people from catching bird flu?
 - a) Yes, it will control the spread of the disease.
 - **b)** Yes, and it will also be given to the cows.
 - **c)** No, but it can help the sick cows.
 - d) No, but it can help the sick farm workers.

2 <読解問題>

A Read the paragraph below. For numbers (1) to (10), choose the best answer from a) - d) to complete the sentences.

英文を読み、あとに続く問にしたがって文中の(1)~(10)の空所にあてはまる最も適切な語(句)をそれぞれ 1 つ選び、その記号をマークしなさい。

The Marshville Mud Man

Richard Coal was a (1) man who came from the small town of Marshville. Richard was always curious about everything and liked to (2) things. It was (3) this curiosity and creativity that he created the rubber rain boot.

As a child, Richard lived in England. There is a lot of rain in England, so he saw a lot of rainy seasons. He knew how difficult it was to do anything in the rain. He began to do (4) with different materials in his workshop. Richard soon (5) with the idea to use rubber to make boots. It worked very well, and it made him very rich.

With his invention, Richard completely changed rain clothes. His boots quickly gained (6) for keeping people's feet dry and comfortable. People from around the world wanted to buy Richard's boots. His invention was so (7) that even today, people still use rubber boots when it rains.

(8) some negative feedback about his rubber boots, Richard's creation became an important invention for the world. Demand for Richard's boots (9), so Richard opened more and more factories in Marshville. Marshville eventually became a huge city with many companies. Those companies (10) many of the town's residents. Today, Richard Coal is remembered as the "Marshville Mud Man" because of this.

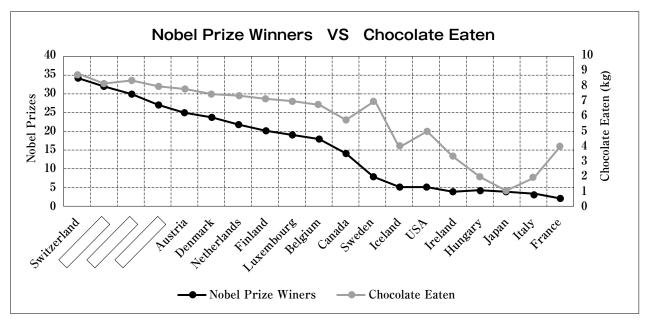
- 問**1** Choose the best word for number (1).
 - a) famously
 - b) differ
 - c) failure
 - d) smart
- 問**2** Choose the best word for number (2).
 - a) example
 - **b**) ignore
 - c) build
 - d) happen
- 問**3** Choose the best word for number (3).
 - a) due to
 - b) why
 - c) already
 - d) how to

問4	C	thoose the best word for number (4).
	a)	experience
	b)	experiments
	c)	education
	d)	events
問5	C	thoose the best word for number (5).
	a)	picked up
	b)	came up
		filled up
	d)	gave up
問6		thoose the best word for number (6).
		humour
		difficulty
		familiarity
	d)	popularity
	0	
门 <i>(</i>		thoose the best word for number (7).
		ridiculous
		intelligence
		usual
	a)	successful
門の	C	hoose the heat wand for number (8)
IPJ O		shoose the best word for number (8). Although
		Despite
		Even if
		Instead
	u,	nisteau
問9	C	thoose the best word for number (9).
		upgraded
		increased
		grew up
		larger
問 1	0	Choose the best word for number (10).
		employed
	b)	worked
	c)	job
	d)	effort

B Look at the graph and read the paragraph below. For questions 1 - 5, choose the best answer from a) - d).

下のグラフを見て,英文を読み,あとに続く**問 1 ~ 5** の質問に対する最も適切な答えをそれぞ れ 1 つ選び,その記号をマークしなさい。

Chocolate is a popular treat enjoyed by people around the world. It comes from cocoa beans and has many types, for example, milk chocolate and dark chocolate. People have loved chocolate for a long time. Recent research in the New England Journal of Medicine suggests that eating chocolate might be good for our brains. It has been found that countries with high chocolate consumption, like Switzerland, often have many Nobel Prize winners, who are recognized for their intelligence.



Source: New England Journal of Medicine. Chocolate Consumption, Cognitive Function, and Nobel Laureates. Franz H. Messerli, M.D.

For example, Switzerland consumes a lot of chocolate and has many Nobel prize winners. Other countries, such as the United Kingdom, Germany, and Norway, also enjoy chocolate and have many smart people. However, countries like Sweden, the United States, and France eat a lot of chocolate but do not have as many Nobel Prize winners. This raises interesting questions about whether chocolate makes people smarter.

The connection between chocolate and intelligence is complicated. Switzerland shows that eating chocolate might help improve brain function, but the situations in Sweden, the United States, and France suggest that other factors may also play a role. It is possible that these countries do not react to chocolate in the same way. Additionally, intelligence may depend on more than just diet. There is still much to learn about how chocolate affects the brain, and it is a fascinating topic for further study.

問 1	A	recent study has	s found that chocolate is		
	a)	a type of bean	b) good for our brains	c) very tasty	d) popular
問2	W	What are three cou	untries that eat a lot of ch	ocolate and have many	smart people
	a)	Japan, Italy, Fra	nce	b) Luxembourg, Belg	gium, Canada
	c)	Sweden, USA, F	rance	d) Germany, UK, No	rway
問3	W	Which country has	the most Nobel Prize Wi	nners?	
	a)	Norway	b) Sweden	c) Switzerland	d) UK
問4	W	Which countries ea	at a lot of chocolate, but d	o not have as many sma	art people?
	a)	Sweden, USA, F	rance	b) UK, Germany, No	rway
	c)	Denmark, Nethe	rlands, Finland	d) Japan, Italy, Fran	ce
問5	W	Why is the relation	nship between chocolate a	nd brains complicated?	,
	a)	Some countries e	eat a lot of chocolate and h	nave a lot of smart peop	ole.
	b)	Some countries e	eat a lot of chocolate, but	they don't have many s	mart people.
	c)	A recent study h	nas found that chocolate is	good for our brains.	
	d)	What you eat is	not the only factor on inte	elligence.	

3 <文法問題>

Choose the correct answer from **a**) - **d**) to complete each sentence or question. 各文の下線部にあてはまる語(句)として最も適切なもの(**問 3**, **8** は最も適切な組み合わせ)をそれぞれ **a**) ~ **d**) から1つ選び,その記号をマークしなさい。

問1	This action movie that comedy movie.
	a) is more interesting as
	b) is interestinger
	c) is the most interesting than
	d) is more interesting than
問2	The artist music you played is having a concert tomorrow.
	a) that
	b) whose
	c) which
	d) what
問3	She that she tired.
	a) says / were
	b) say / is
	c) said / not
	d) said / was
問4	My dog wants to the park every day.
	a) goes
	b) to go
	c) going
	d) went
問5	The present her very happy.
	a) made
	b) is made
	c) making
	d) will makes

問6 V	When I don't eat breakfast, I am member of my family.
a)	hungry
b)	hungrier
c)	the hungriest
d)	the more hungry
問7 T	he car, is parked outside, belongs to my neighbor.
a)	who
b)	which
c)	what
d)	whose
問8 日	lis mother me if I his textbook.
a)	asked / had
b)	asks / has
c)	ask / have
d)	asking / having
問 9 D	o you want something with?
a)	writing
b)	to wrote
c)	to write
d)	written
問 10	They live in the south of California. It SoCal.
a)	is calling
b)	calls
c)	is call
d)	is called

<プロダクション問題>

A For questions 1-5, choose the best combination of (7) and (4) from a) - d) to complete each sentence.

|に語句を補って文を完成させるには,それぞれ (ア) と (イ) 次の問1~5の英文の をどのように組み合わせるとよいか。組み合わせとして最も適切なものを, それぞれ下の a) ~ h) の中から1つ選び、その記号をマークしなさい。

問 1 A: What devices are popular now?

B:

- (ア) Earphones that
- (ア) made in Japan
- (7) are common these days

- (イ) New devices
- (イ) are wireless
- (イ) are expensive

- a) $(\mathcal{T}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{T}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{T})$
- **b)** $(\mathcal{T}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{T}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{T})$
- c) $(r) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (r)$

- d) $(r) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (1)$ e) $(1) \rightarrow (r) \rightarrow (r)$
- $f) (1) \rightarrow (7) \rightarrow (1)$

- $g)(1) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (7)$
- h) $(1) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (1)$

問2 My teacher asked me to help her in the classroom, but

(r) all of us

- (ア) go home
- (ア) next weekend

- (イ) I didn't know
- (イ) what to do
- (イ) when I got there

- a) $(\mathcal{T}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{T}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{T})$
- b) $(r) \rightarrow (r) \rightarrow (1)$ c) $(r) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (r)$

- $\mathbf{d)} (7) \rightarrow (7) \rightarrow (7)$
- e) $(1) \rightarrow (7) \rightarrow (7)$ f) $(1) \rightarrow (7) \rightarrow (1)$
- g) $(1) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (7)$
- $h) (1) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (1)$

問**3** If I could speak to my past self,

- (ア) I would say
- (7) thank you
- (7) for me

- (イ) I couldn't
- (イ) never

(イ) give up

- $\mathbf{a)} (\mathbf{r}) \to (\mathbf{r}) \to (\mathbf{r})$
- **b)** $(\mathcal{P}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{P}) \rightarrow (\mathcal{A})$
- c) $(r) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (r)$

- $\mathbf{d)} (\mathcal{T}) \to (\mathcal{I}) \to (\mathcal{I})$
- e) $(1) \rightarrow (7) \rightarrow (7)$
- f) $(1) \rightarrow (7) \rightarrow (1)$
- g) $(1) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (7)$ h) $(1) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (1)$

問4 A: Could you tell me how to get to Shinagawa Station?

B:

(ア) Yes, I can't

(イ) Sorry,

(ア) I'm not (イ) show you (7) from here

(イ) around town

a) $(r) \rightarrow (r) \rightarrow (r)$ b) $(r) \rightarrow (r) \rightarrow (1)$ c) $(r) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (r)$

 $\textbf{d)} \ (\mathcal{T}) \ \rightarrow \ (\mathcal{I}) \ \rightarrow \ (\mathcal{I}) \ \rightarrow \ (\mathcal{T}) \ \rightarrow \ (\mathcal{T}) \ \rightarrow \ (\mathcal{T}) \ \rightarrow \ (\mathcal{I}) \$

g) $(1) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (7)$ h) $(1) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (1)$

問5 You're just wasting your time. You've

(7) been playing

(イ) please stop

(7) that video game

(イ) studying for

(7) the exam

(イ) since two o'clock

 $\mathbf{a)} (\mathbf{r}) \to (\mathbf{r}) \to (\mathbf{r})$

 $b) (r) \rightarrow (r) \rightarrow (1)$

c) $(r) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (r)$

d) $(7) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (1)$ e) $(1) \rightarrow (7) \rightarrow (7)$ f) $(1) \rightarrow (7) \rightarrow (1)$

g) $(1) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (7)$ h) $(1) \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (1)$

B Choose the best answer from a) - d) to complete each conversation.

会話文が成り立つように,空所に入れるものとして最も適当なものを a) ~ d) の中から1つ選び, その記号をマークしなさい。

問1 - School bell rings-

Mr. Sato: I will take the attendance now.

Roy: I'm sorry I'm late.
Mr. Sato: Why are you late?

Roy : _____

- a) I woke up early.
- **b)** I took the bus.
- c) My train was delayed.
- d) I walk to school every day.
- 問2 Mao: Hi Aketo, I heard you lived in Tochigi for 5 years.

Aketo: Yes, my family moved there because of my father's job.

Mao : What do you like about Tochigi?

Aketo:_____.

Mao : Strawberries are my favourite!

- a) It's in the countryside.
- **b)** We drove a lot there.
- c) The fruit is really fresh!
- d) You can buy gyoza there.

問3 Naoshi : Mr. Smith, can I ask you a question?
Mr. Smith: Sure!
Naoshi : What do you miss the most about your hometown?
Mr. Smith:
a) I moved here last year.
b) So many things, but maybe my family and friends.
c) My hometown is far away from here.
d) You should visit my hometown.
問4 Mina : What do you like about our school?
Thomas: I like that our lessons are interesting and informative.
Mina : Me too
a) Our teachers are kind and motivating.
b) I don't like to study.
c) I don't like our lessons. They are boring.
d) Our teachers are okay.
問5 Kaito : What are your summer holiday plans?
Rintaro: I will attend the study abroad program in Canada.
Kaito : That sounds fun
Rintaro : Okay, I'll buy one for you.
a) Can I join too?
b) I'll buy a new bicycle.
c) Bring me maple syrup.
d) I have club practice.